

Improve your CII rating with

Frese FUELSAVE™

EEXI - How the ships are equipped or designed

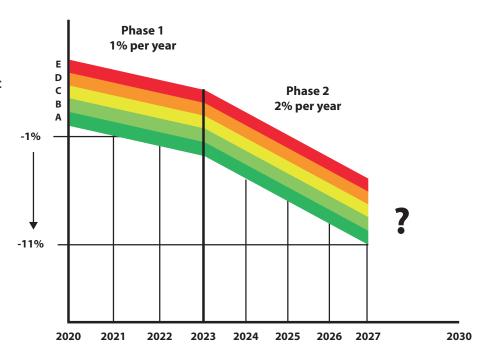
CII - How the ships operate

The CII derives from the Annual Efficiency Ratio which measures the carbon emissions of a ship's operations over the course of a year.

$$AER = \frac{Annual CO_2 \text{ emissions}}{Annual \text{ distance sailed x Capacity}} = \frac{gCO_2}{Capacity \times mile}$$

CII rating indicates the performance of the vessel over the previous year:

- A Major Superior
- **B** Minor Superior
- Moderate
- Minor Inferior
- **E** Inferior



HOW TO REDUCE CARBON INTENSITY

Five strategies available in the market with pros and cons:

- 1. DWT Increase
- 2. Voyage Optimisation
- 3. Hydrodynamics

- 4. Main Propulsion Optimisations
- 5. Onboard Energy Optimisations
 - → Frese FUELSAVE™



Typical impact of Frese FUELSAVE™ on various ship types

	Existing installations			Vessel operation					Frese FUELSAVE		CII reduc- tion
Vessel type	M/E MCR (kW)	SW Pump - Design (kW)	LTFW - Design (kW)	Anual CO2 emssion (tonnes)	Capacity	Distance sailed (n. miles)	CII reference line value	CII attained	LTFW pump Fuel saving (MT/year)	SW pump Fuel saving (MT/year)	CII attained reduction %
Bulk Carrier - Handysize	7,050	45	62	3,972	27,000	18,153	8.3	8.1	65	55	9%
Tanker - MR2	9,480	74	90	9,056	60,000	24,094	6.4	6.3	94	91	6%
Containership - 3000 TEU Class	25,270	113	130	24,546	43,127	49,575	10.7	11.5	137	139	3.5%
Containership - 10000 TEU Class	60,200	200	202	30,180	115,800	36,507	6.6	7.1	212	245	5%
LNG carrier (< 100,000 DWT)	25,040	133	133	26,433	80,000	38,872	11.3	8.5	139	163	4%
Ro-Ro passenger ship	24,000	92	91	23,839	13,000	67,817	26.2	27.0	96	113	3%

How can Frese FUELSAVE™ Save Energy Onboard?

In the above calculations it is assumed that 70% pump energy can be saved on SW pumps and 60% on LTFW pumps. Contact us to hear more about how the patented Frese FUELSAVE(TM) can achieve this.

